PMF Panel Mount Power Supply

4.2V 231W 1 Phase / PMF-4V320WC☐☐

PMF

Highlights & Features

- Universal AC input voltage
- Built-in active PFC and fan speed control
- Full corrosion resistant aluminium chassis
- Conforms to harmonic current IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class A and Class D
- Cold start -20°C at 100% load (231W)
- Remote ON/OFF is available as an option

Safety Standards

CB Certified for worldwide use

Model Number: PMF-4V320WC☐☐
Unit Weight: 0.86 kg
Dimensions (L x W x D): 215 x 115 x 50 mm

General Description

The PMF panel mount power supply series currently offers nominal output voltages of 4.2V. These power supply units come with universal AC input from 85Vac to 264Vac and wide operating temperature of -10°C to +70°C. The built-in active PFC provides high power factor and conforms to harmonic current IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class A and Class D. This versatile series has two different connector options (Front Face and Terminal Block) to satisfy different application needs. Remote ON/OFF function is also available for the PMF series. All PMF power supplies conform to major international safety standards including IEC/EN/UL 60950-1 standards and are fully compliant with RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU for environmental protection.

Model Information

PMF Panel Mount Power Supply

Model Number	Input Voltage Range	Output Voltage	Output Current
PMF-4V320WC☐☐	85-264Vac	4.2Vdc	55.0A

Model Numbering

						CC Code
PM	**F –**	**4V**	**320W**	**C**	**☐**	**☐**
Panel Mount	Product Series F – PFC Series	Output Voltage	Output Power (320W series model)	Package Type C – Enclosed	Connector Type G – Front Face A – Terminal Block*	Variable B – No Remote ON/OFF R – With Remote ON/OFF*

*Options

All parameters are specified at 25°C ambient unless otherwise indicated.
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PMF Panel Mount Power Supply

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Specifications

Input Ratings / Characteristics

Nominal Input Voltage	100-240Vac
Input Voltage Range	85-264Vac
Nominal Input Frequency	50-60Hz
Input Frequency Range	47-63Hz
Input Current	< 5.00A @ 115Vac, < 2.50A @ 230Vac
Efficiency at 100% Load	76.5% typ. @ 230Vac
Max Inrush Current	< 20A @ 115Vac, < 40A @ 230Vac
Power Factor	0.97 typ. @ 115Vac, 0.94 typ. @ 230Vac
Leakage Current	< 1mA @ 240Vac

Output Ratings / Characteristics

Nominal Output Voltage		4.2Vdc
Output Voltage Tolerance		± 2% (initial set point tolerance from factory)
Output Voltage Adjustment Range		3.78-4.62Vdc
Output Current		55.0A
Output Power		231W
Line Regulation		± 0.5% typ. (@ 115Vac & 230Vac)
Load Regulation		± 1.5% typ. (@ 115Vac & 230Vac)
PARD (20MHz)		< 150mVpp @ 25°C < 300mVpp @ -10°C
Rise Time		50ms typ. @ 115Vac & 230Vac (100% load)
Start-up Time		2500ms typ. @ 115Vac, 1000ms typ. @ 230Vac (100% load)
Hold-up Time		16ms typ. @ 115Vac & 230Vac
Dynamic Response (Overshoot & Undershoot O/P Voltage)		± 5% (0.5V pk-pk) @ 115Vac & 230Vac (0-100% load)
Start-up with Capacitive Loads		8,000µF Max
Remote ON/OFF Function (Option)	CN102	Output ON: 5-12.5V Output OFF: 0-0.5V (For more information, please refer to the details in the Functional Manual section on Page 10)

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Mechanical

Case Chassis		Aluminium
Case Cover		Aluminium
Dimensions (L x W x D)		215 x 115 x 50 mm
Unit Weight		0.86 kg
Indicator		Green LED (DC OK)
Cooling System		Forced Cooling
Terminal	PMF-4V320WCG□	M3.5 x 9 Pins (Rated 300V/20A)
	PMF-4V320WCA□	M3.5 x 9 Pins (Rated 300V/15A)
Wire		AWG 14-12*

*Only use wire that can withstand operating temperature of more than 125°C.

Environment

Surrounding Air Temperature	Operating	-10°C to +70°C (Cold start at -20°C)
	Storage	-25°C to +85°C
Power De-rating		> 55°C de-rate power by 3.33% / °C < 90Vac de-rate power by 2.5% / 1V
Operating Humidity		5 to 95% RH (Non-Condensing)
Operating Altitude		0 to 5,000 Meters
Shock Test (Non-Operating)		IEC 60068-2-27, Half Sine: 50G for a duration of 11ms, 3 shocks for each 3 directions
Vibration (Non-Operating)		IEC 60068-2-6, Random: 5Hz to 500Hz (2.09Grms); 20 min per axis for all X, Y, Z direction
Pollution Degree		2

Protections

Overvoltage	4.83-6.50V, Latch Mode (AC power is recycled)
Overload / Overcurrent	105-135%, Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)
Over Temperature	Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed)
Short Circuit	Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed)
Protection Against Shock	Class I with PE* connection

*PE: Primary Earth

Reliability Data

MTBF	> 700,000 hrs. as per Telcordia SR-332 I/P: 100Vac, O/P: 100% load, Ta: 35°C
Expected Cap Life Time	10 years (115Vac & 230Vac, 50% load @ 40°C)

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Safety Standards / Directives

Electrical Safety		TUV Bauart to EN 60950-1, UL/cUL recognized to UL 60950-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1, CB scheme to IEC 60950-1, CCC to GB4943
CE		In conformance with EMC Directive 2004/108/EC and Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC
Material and Parts		RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU Compliant
Galvanic Isolation	Input to Output	3.0KVac
	Input to Ground	2.0KVac
	Output to Ground	0.5KVac

EMC

EMC / Emissions		CISPR 22, EN 55022, FCC Title 47: Class B
Immunity to		EN 55024
Electrostatic Discharge	IEC 61000-4-2	Criteria A[1)] Level 3 Air Discharge: 8kV Level 2 Contact Discharge: 4kV
Radiated Field	IEC 61000-4-3	Level 2 Criteria A[1)] 80MHz-1GHz, 10V/M with 1kHz tone / 80% modulation
Electrical Fast Transient / Burst	IEC 61000-4-4	Level 3 Criteria A[1)] 1kV
Surge	IEC 61000-4-5	Level 3 Criteria A[1)] Common Mode[2)]: 2kV Differential Mode[3)]: 1kV
Conducted	IEC 61000-4-6	Level 2 Criteria A[1)] 150kHz-80MHz, 3Vrms
Power Frequency Magnetic Fields	IEC 61000-4-8	Criteria A[1)] 1A/Meter
Voltage Dips	IEC 61000-4-11	100% dip; 1 cycle (20ms); Self Recoverable
Harmonic Current Emission		IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class A and Class D
Voltage Fluctuation and Flicker		IEC/EN 61000-3-3

1) Criteria A: Normal performance within the specification limits
2) Asymmetrical: Common mode (Line to earth)
3) Symmetrical: Differential mode (Line to line)

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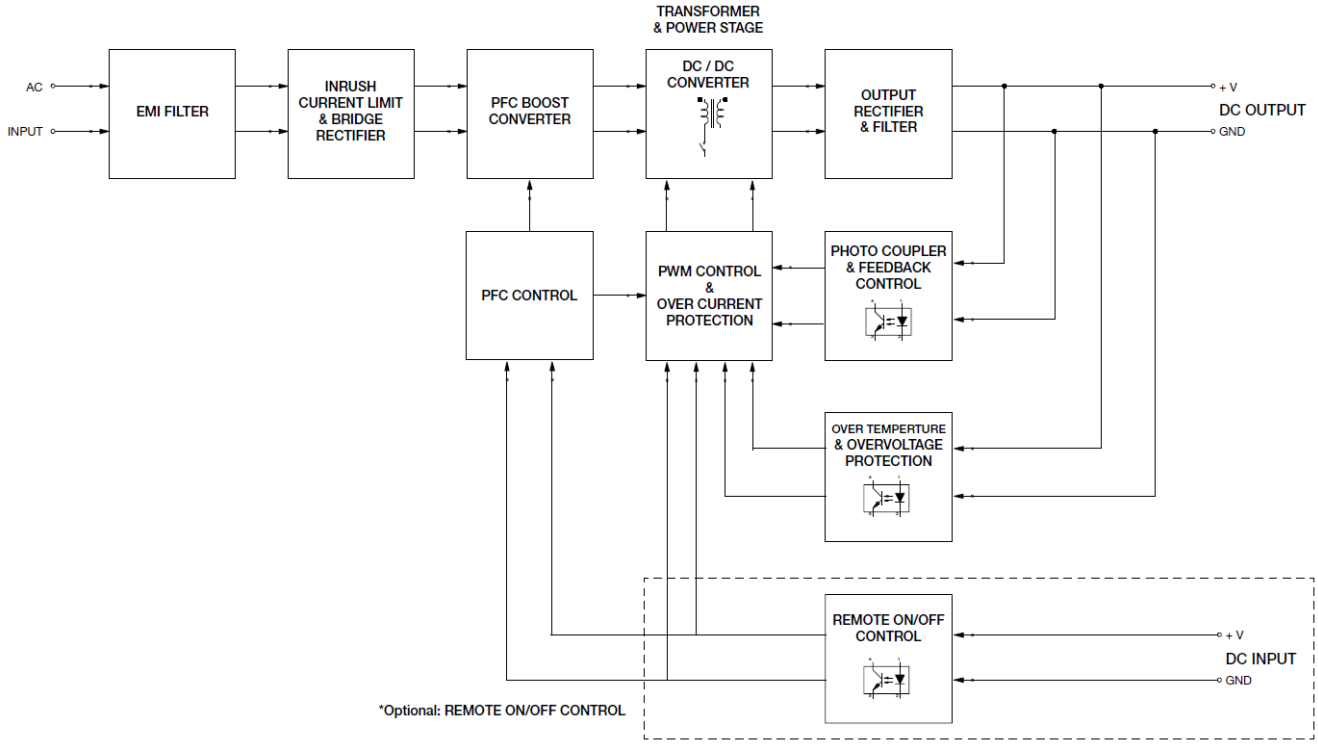
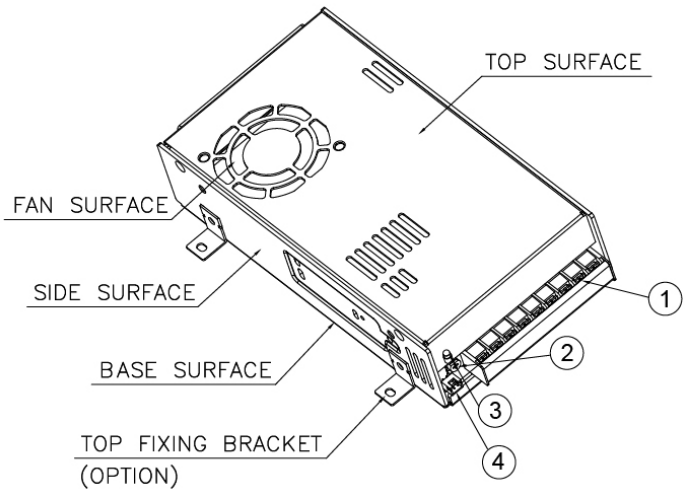
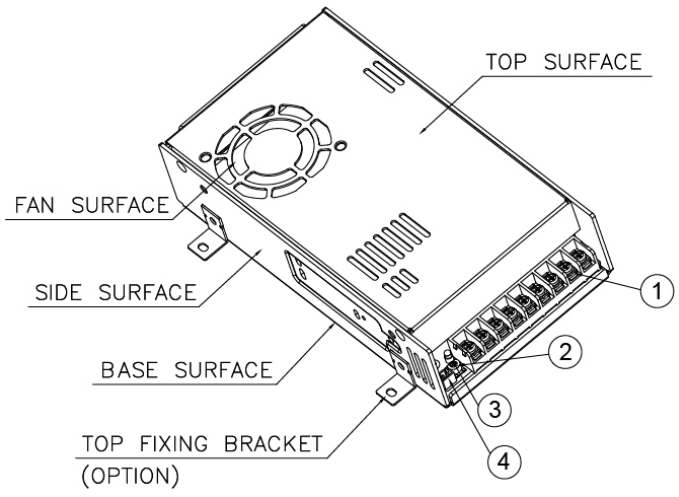
Block Diagram



Device Descriptions

PMF-4V320WCG☐: Front Face	**PMF-4V320WCA☐:** Terminal Block
	

1) Input & Output terminal block connector
2) DC voltage adjustment potentiometer
3) DC OK control LED (Green)
4) Remote ON/OFF function connector (Option)

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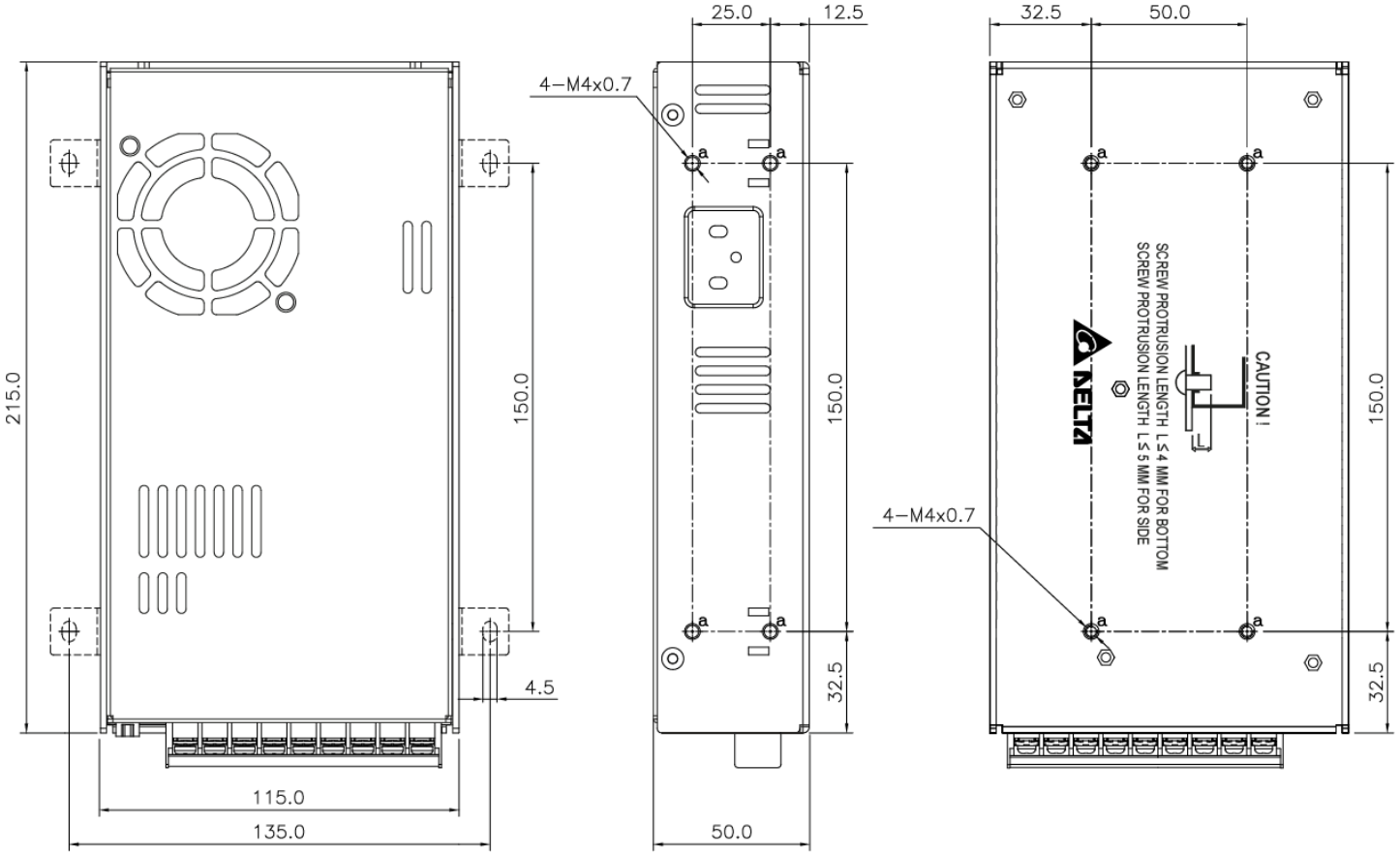
Dimensions

L x W x D: 215 x 115 x 50 mm (PMF-4V320WCG□: Front Face)



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PMF Panel Mount Power Supply

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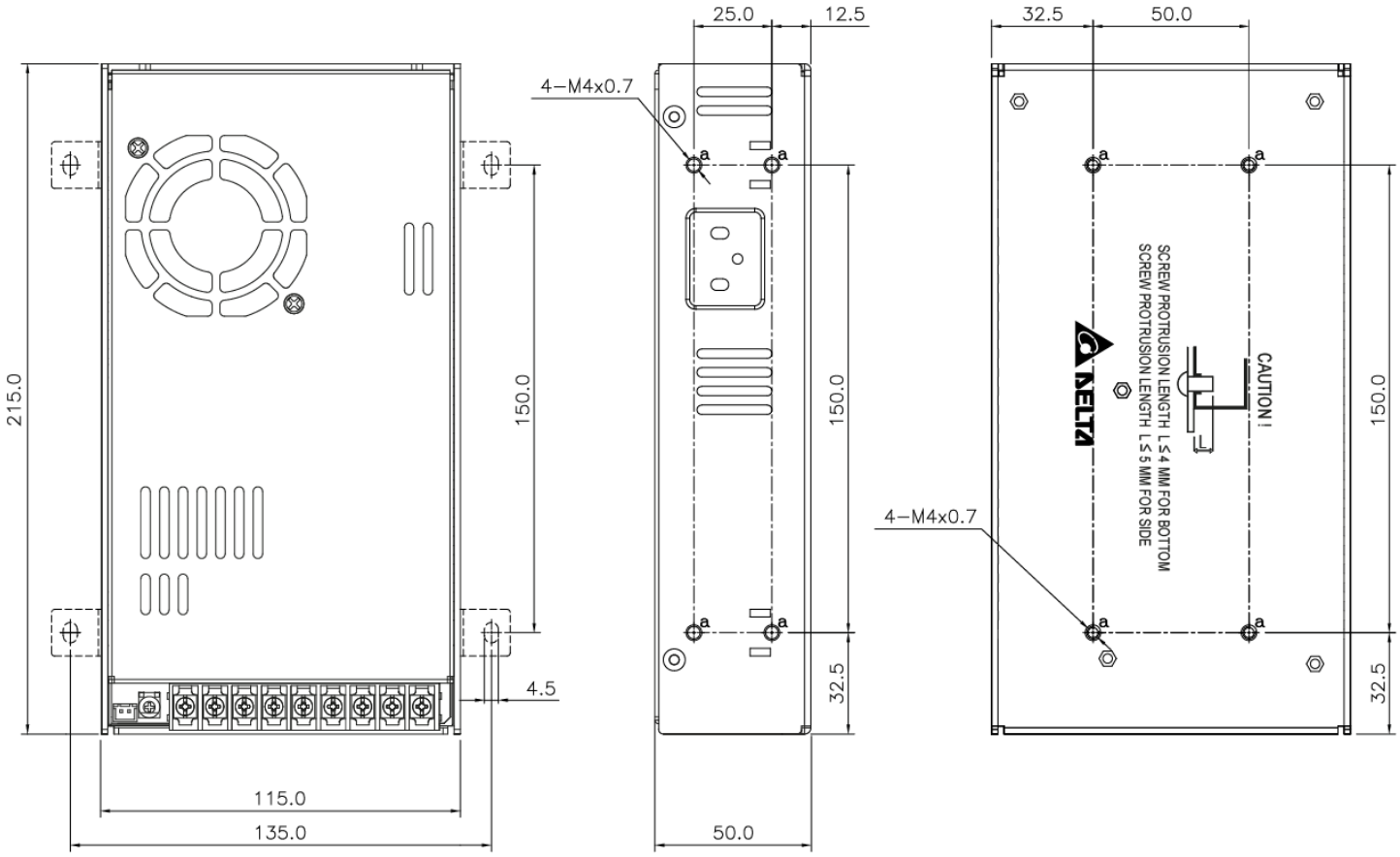
L x W x D: 215 x 115 x 50 mm (PMF-4V320WCA□: Terminal Block)



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PMF Panel Mount Power Supply

4.2V 231W 1 Phase / PMF-4V320WC□□

Engineering Data

De-rating

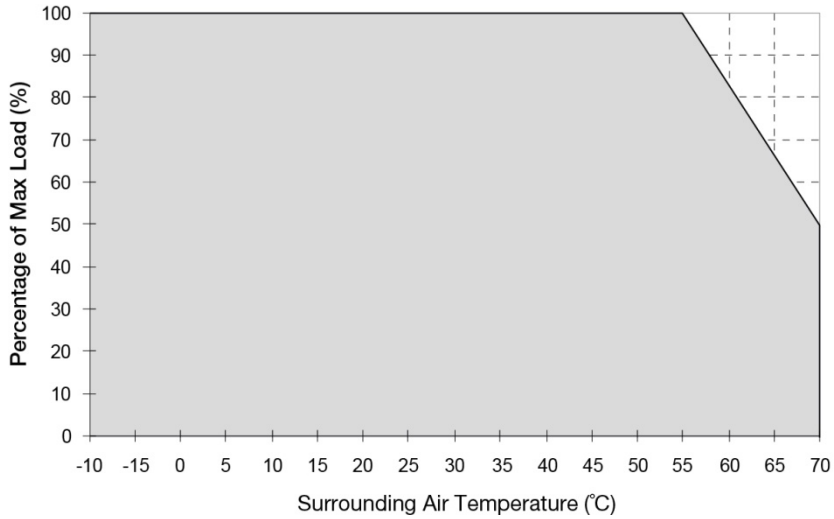
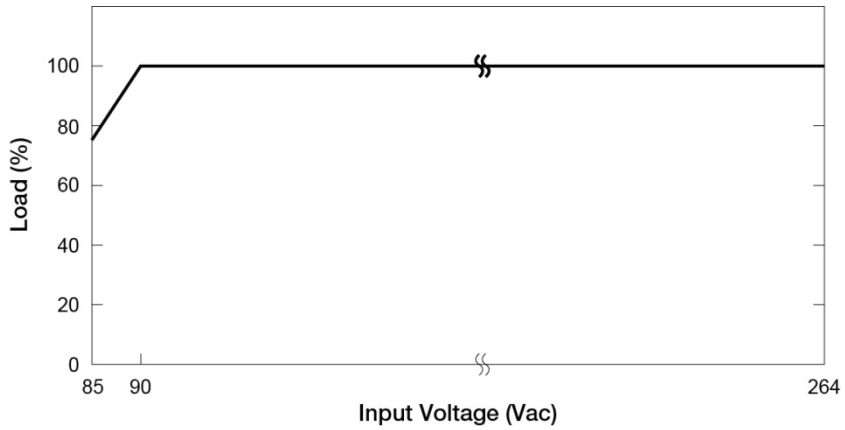


Fig. 1 De-rating for Vertical and Horizontal Mounting Orientation
> 55°C de-rate power by 3.33% / °C

Note

1. Power supply components may degrade, or be damaged, when the power supply is continuously used outside the shaded region, refer to the graph shown in Fig. 1.
2. If the output capacity is not reduced when the surrounding air temperature >55°C, the device will run into Over Temperature Protection. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode and will recover when the surrounding air temperature is lowered or the load is reduced as far as necessary to keep the device in working condition.
3. In order for the device to function in the manner intended, it is also necessary to keep a safety distance of 20mm with adjacent units while the device is in operation.
4. Depending on the surrounding air temperature and output load delivered by the power supply, the device can be very hot!
5. If the device has to be mounted in any other orientation, please do not hesitate to contact **info@deltapsu.com** for more details.

Output De-rating VS. Input Voltage



- No output power de-rating for the input voltage from 90Vac to 264Vac

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Assembly & Installation

Ⓐ Side Mounting: Fig. 2 and Fig. 3 show the mounting hole locations for power supply assembly onto a metal mounting surface. The power supply shall be mounted on minimum of 4 mounting holes using M4 screw of maximum 5mm length (Refer to Fig. 4). This is to maintain a safety distance between the screw and internal components.

Ⓑ Base Mounting: Fig. 2 and Fig. 3 show the mounting hole locations for power supply assembly onto a metal mounting surface. The power supply shall be mounted on minimum of 4 mounting holes using M4 screw of maximum 4mm length (Refer to Fig. 4). This is to maintain a safety distance between the screw and internal components.

Ⓒ Connector

Ⓓ This surface belongs to customer's end system or panel where the power supply is mounted.

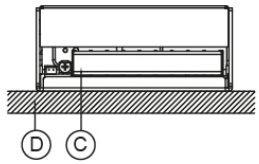
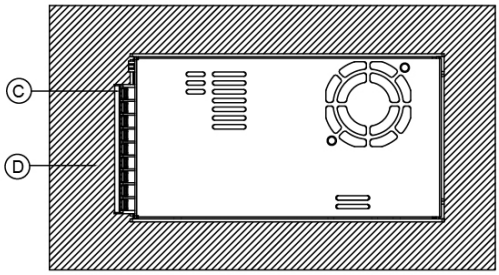
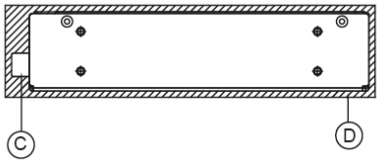
Base Mounting (Horizontal)	Base Mounting (Vertical)	Side Mounting (Horizontal)
		

Fig. 2 Recommended Mounting Orientations

– Use flexible cable (stranded or solid) of AWG No. 14-12. The input/output connectors' allowable current is 23A max per pin. User should calculate and select the suitable wire specification (type/quantity/diameter) according to actual output current. The torque at the connector shall not exceed 13Kgf.cm. The insulation stripping length should not exceed 0.275" or 7mm.

– Recommended mounting torque of the product and its mounting accessories is 9~12Kgf.cm.

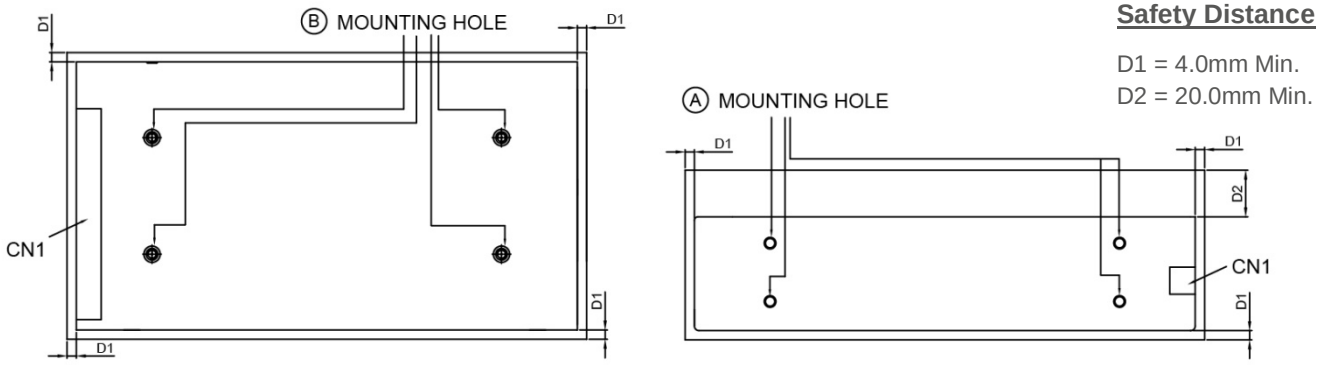
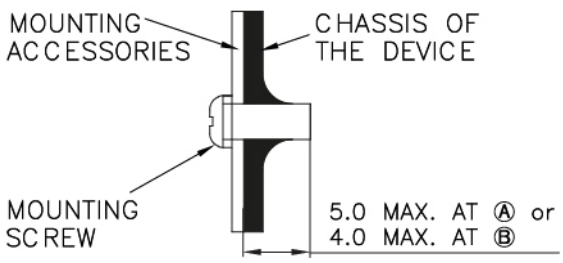


Fig. 3 Mounting Hole Locations and the Safety Distance

Ensure the mounted device is kept at ≥ 4mm safety distance at all sides from other components and equipments. In addition, to ensure sufficient convection cooling, always maintain a distance of ≥ 20mm from ventilated surfaces while the device is in operation.



- Only use M4 screw ≤ 5mm through the base mounting holes at Ⓐ. This is to keep a safe distance between the screw and internal components.
- Only use M4 screws ≤ 4mm through the base mounting holes at Ⓑ. This is to keep a safe distance between the screw and internal components.

Fig. 4 Assembly Reference

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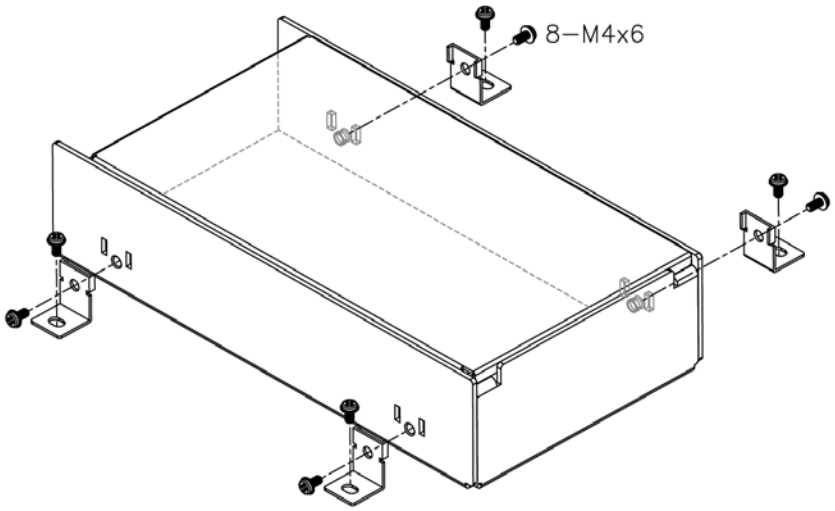
Safety Instructions

- If user's mounting orientation is not according to the recommended mounting orientations, please consult Delta for further information.
- The device is not recommended to be placed on low thermal conductive surface. For example, plastics.
- The enclosure of the device can become very hot depending on the ambient temperature and load of the power supply. Do not touch the device while it is in operation or immediately after power is turned OFF. Risk of burning!
- Do not touch the terminals while power is being supplied. Risk of electric shock.
- Prevent any foreign metal, particles or conductors from entering the device through the openings during installation. It may cause electric shock, safety hazard, fire and/or product failure.
- Warning: When connecting the device, secure Earth connection before connecting L and N. When disconnecting the device, remove L and N connections before removing the Earth connection. The power supply must be mounted by metal screws onto a grounded metal surface. It is highly recommended that the Earth terminal on the connector be connected to the grounded metal surface.

Accessories



LM-01: Top Fixing Bracket

This bracket is used to fix the power supply onto a flat surface from the top.

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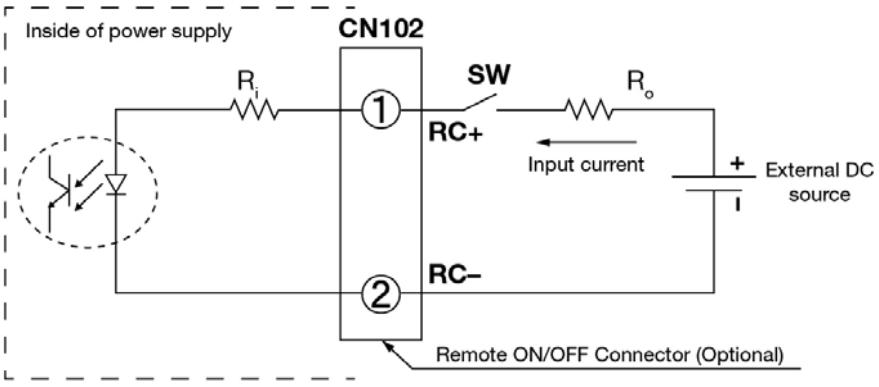
Functional Manual

Remote ON/OFF Function



You can remotely control the power supply unit to turn ON/OFF by using an external DC source. Follow the DC power source voltage and current limiting defined in the table below.

Built-in Resistor R_i (ohm)	Voltage Between RC+ and RC- (V)		Input Current (mA)
	Output ON	Output OFF	
820	5-12.5	0-0.5	20 Max

Notes

1. Remote ON/OFF circuits are isolated from input, output and PE.
2. Please check if the polarity of the wire connector is the same as the external DC source. If not, the power would not turn on and the internal components may be damaged.
3. You do not need an external resistance R_O for current limit while the output voltage of external DC source is within the range of 5-12.5V. If the output voltage exceeds 12.5V, please use the following equation for the value of current limit resistance R_O.

$$R_O = \frac{Vcc - (3.5 + 0.006R_i)}{0.006}$$

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Functions

Start-up Time

The time required for the output voltage to reach 90% of its set value, after the input voltage is applied.

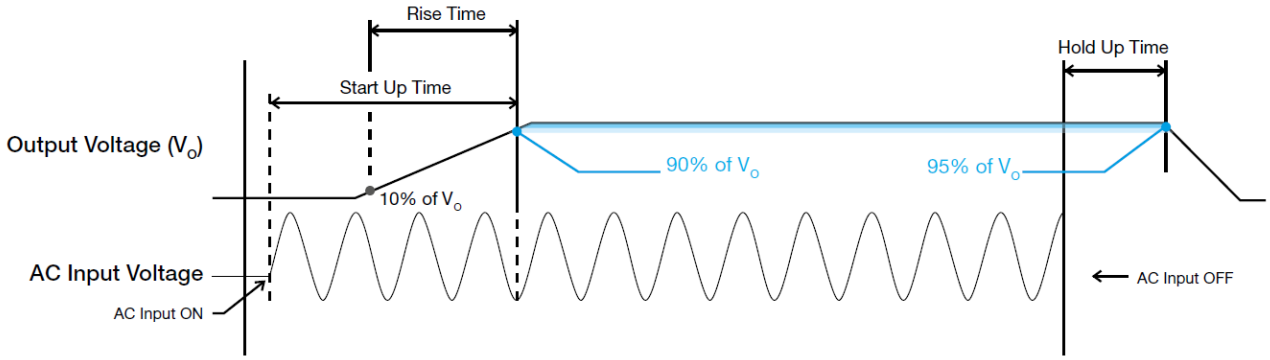
Rise Time

The time required for the output voltage to change from 10% to 90% of its set value.

Hold-up Time

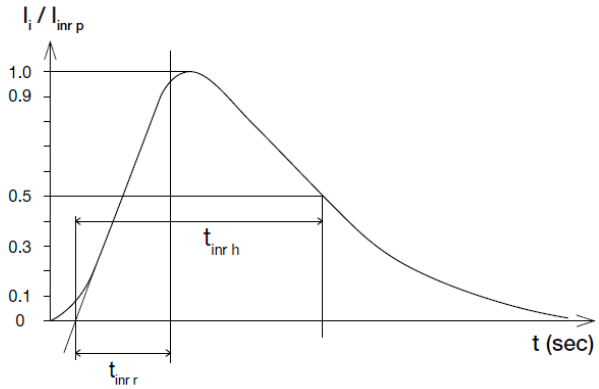
Hold up time is the time when the AC input collapses and output voltage retains regulation for a certain period of time. The time required for the output to reach 95% of its set value, after the input voltage is removed.

■ **Graph illustrating the Start-up Time, Rise Time, and Hold-up Time**



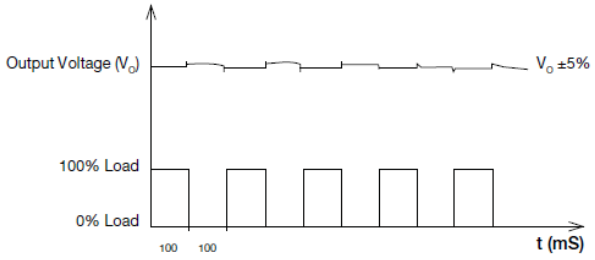
Inrush Current

Inrush current is the peak, instantaneous, input current measured and, occurs when the input voltage is first applied. For AC input voltages, the maximum peak value of inrush current will occur during the first half cycle of the applied AC voltage. This peak value decreases exponentially during subsequent cycles of AC voltage.



Dynamic Response

The power supply output voltage will remains within ±5% of its steady state value, when subjected to a dynamic load from 0 to 100% of its rated current.



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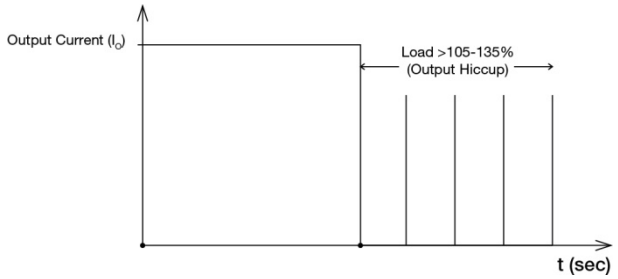
Overload & Overcurrent Protections

The power supply's Overload (OLP) and Overcurrent (OCP) Protections will be activated when output current exceeds 105-135% of I_O (Max load). In such occurrence, the V_O will start to droop and once the power supply has reached its maximum power limit, the protection is activated and the power supply will go into "Hiccup mode" (Auto-Recovery). The power supply will recover once the fault condition of the OLP and OCP is removed and I_O is back within the specifications.



It is not recommended to prolong the duration of I_O when it is <105% but >100%, since it may cause damage to the PSU.

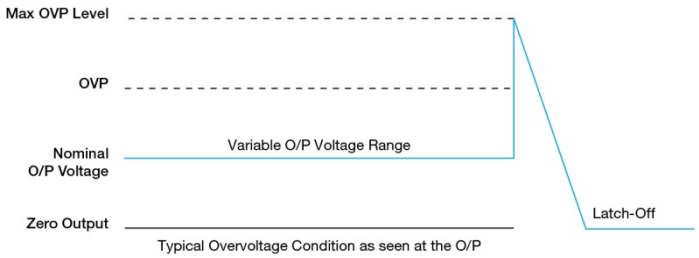
Short Circuit Protection

The power supply's output OLP/OCP function also provides protection against short circuits. When a short circuit is applied, the output current will operate in "Hiccup mode", as shown in the illustration in the OLP/OCP section on this page. The power supply will return to normal operation after the short circuit is removed.

Overvoltage Protection

The power supply's overvoltage circuit will be activated when its internal feedback circuit fails. The output voltage shall not exceed its specifications defined on Page 3 under "Protections".

The power supply should be latch.



Over Temperature Protection

As mentioned above, the power supply also has Over Temperature Protection (OTP). In the event of a higher operating temperature at 100% load, the power supply will run into OTP when the operating temperature is beyond what is recommended in the de-rating graph. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode until the temperature drops to its normal operating temperature as recommended in the de-rating graph.

Others

Delta RoHS Compliant

Restriction of the usage of hazardous substances

The European directive 2011/65/EU limits the maximum impurity level of homogeneous materials such as lead, mercury, cadmium, chrome, polybrominated flame retardants PBB and PBDE for the use in electrical and electronic equipment. RoHS is the abbreviation for "Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment".

This product conforms to this standard.

PFC – Norm EN 61000-3-2

Line Current Harmonic content

Typically, the input current waveform is not sinusoidal due to the periodical peak charging of the input capacitor. In industrial environment, complying with EN 61000-3-2 is only necessary under special conditions. Complying to this standard can have some technical drawbacks, such as lower efficiency as well as some commercial aspects such as higher purchasing costs. Frequently, the user does not profit from fulfilling this standard, therefore, it is important to know whether it is mandatory to meet this standard for a specific application.